

PPS Energy Solutions Pvt. Ltd.
Regd. Off: B-403, Bharti Vihar, S.No-78, Bharti Vidyapith Campus, Katraj, Pune – 411046 Ph: +91-20-2523 2858, 6400 0643

Date: 23rd October 2021

CERTIFICATE

TO WHOMSOEVER IT MAY CONCERN

This is to certify that, we M/s. PPS Energy Solutions Pvt. Ltd. has successfully completed Energy Audit at MGV's Loknete Vyankatrao Hiray Arts, Science and Commerce College, Nashik and submitted report.

For PPS Energy Solutions Pvt. Ltd, Pune

Dr. Ravi. G. Deshmukh Director

DETAILED ENERGY AUDIT REPORT



M. G. V. Loknete Vyankatrao Hiray Arts, Science & Commerce college, Agra road, Panchvati, Nashik 422 003

September 2021

Conducted By PPS Energy Solutions Pvt. Ltd.

Plot No-18, Girish Housing Society Warje, Pune – 411058, Maharashtra, India



Dr. Ravi G. Deshmukh Energy Auditor Class - A MEDA/ECNCR-05/2018-19/EA-05

PREFACE

Energy Audit is a key parameter of systematic approach for decision-making in the area of energy management. It attempts to determine how and where energy is used and to identify methods for energy savings. There is now a universal recognition of the fact that new technologies and much greater use of some that already exists provide the most hopeful prospects for the future. The opportunities lie in the use of existing renewable energy technologies, greater efforts at energy efficiency and the dissemination of these technologies and options.

As per the Energy Conservation Act, 2001, Energy Audit is defined as "the verification, monitoring and analysis of use of energy including submission of technical report containing recommendations for improving energy efficiency with cost benefit analysis and an action plan to reduce energy consumption".

Present energy audit is a mare mile marker towards destination of achieving safe, healthy and energy efficient unit. We would like to emphasize that an energy audit is a continuous process. We have compiled a list of possible actions to conserve and efficiently utilize our scarce resources and identified their savings potential. The next step would be to prioritize their implementation. Implementation of recommended measures can help consumes to achieve significant reduction in their energy consumption levels.

WHY ENERGY AUDIT?

An energy audit determines the amount of energy consumption affiliated with a facility and the potential savings associated with that energy consumption. Additionally, an energy audit is designed to understand the specific conditions that are impacting the performance and comfort in your facility to maximize the overall impact of energy-focused building improvements.

An energy audit is a systematic review of the energy consuming installations in a facility to ensure that energy is being used sensibly and efficiently. An energy audit usually commences with the collection and analysis of all information that may affect the energy consumption of the facility, then follows with reviewing and analyzing the condition and performance of various installations and facility management, with an aim at identifying areas of inefficiency and suggesting means for improvement.

Through implementation of the suggested improvement measures, facility owners can get the immediate benefit for paying less energy bills. On the other hand, lowering of energy consumption in facility will lead to the chain effect that the power supply companies will burn less fossil fuel for electricity generation and relatively less pollutants and greenhouse gases will be introduced into the atmosphere, thus contributing to conserve the environment and to enhance sustainable development.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

We express our sincere gratitude to the authorities of M. G. V. Loknete Vyankatrao Hiray Art, Science & Commerce college, Panchvati for entrusting and offering the opportunity. It is our immense pleasure to present the detailed energy audit report.

We acknowledge the positive support from management in undertaking the task of Detailed Energy Audit of all electrical system, thermal systems, utilities and other area and for continuous help and support before and during the Detailed Energy Audit.

We are also thankful to all field staff and agencies working with whom we interacted during the field studies for their wholehearted support in undertaking measurements and eagerness to assess the system / equipment performance and saving potential. We admire the help of all concerned staff for their active participation in completing official documentations.

We express our sincere gratitude to the authorities of M. G. V. Loknete Vyankatrao Hiray Art, Science & Commerce college, Panchvati for entrusting PPS Energy Solutions Pvt. Ltd.

For PRS Energy Solutions Pvt. Ltd.

CONTENTS	
PREFACE	2
WHY ENERGY AUDIT?	3
ACKNOWLEDGEMENT	4
About PPSES	7
PPSES Team Members	7
PPSES Team Members	8
1. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	
Summary of Recommended Energy Conservation Measures:	8
2. GENERAL AUDIT REVIEW	11
3. ABOUT ENERGY AUDIT	12
3.1. Scope of Work	12
3.2. Approach and Methodology	
4. ENERGY DETAILS	
4.1. Electricity Bill Analysis	
Consumer Details of Meter No. 049013610648	
4.2. Connected Load Quantity of Buildings	
5. ACTUAL MEASUREMENTS	
6. ENERGY CONSERVATION MEASURES	
7. List of Instruments	
List of Figure	
Figure 1 Zone-wise kWh Consumption	18
Figure 2 Monthly kWh Consumption	18
Figure 3 Monthly Electricity Bill	19
Figure 4 Billed Demand vs Recorded Demand	19
Figure 5 Billed PF	20
Figure 6 PF Incentive	20
Figure 7 Distribution of Connected Load	21
igure 8 Voltage vs Time Period	23
rigure 9 Current vs Time Period	23
igure 10 Power vs Time Period	24
igure 12 Voltago TUD 9 vs Time Period	24
igure 12 Voltage THD % vs Time Period	25
igure 13 Current THD % vs Time Period	25

List of Table

Contraction of Contraction	
Table 1 Name of Area	14
Table 2 Consumer details	14
Table 3 Billing Data	15
List of Picture	
Picture 1 ALM 20 Power Analyzer	35
Picture 2 MECO 3150 DIGITAL CLAMP METER	
Picture 3 RISH POWER CLAMP 1000 A/400 A AC-DC	37
Picture 4 FLIR TG 167 Thermal imager	
Picture 5 HTC IRX 64 Infrared thermometer	
Picture 6 Nishant NE 1010 Lux meter	

This report was prepared for M. G. V. Loknete Vyankatrao Hiray Art, Science & Commerce college, Panchvati. The information herein is confidential and shall not be divulged to a third party without the prior written permission of PPS Energy Solutions Pvt. Ltd, Pune, its affiliates and subsidiaries, including PPS Energy Solutions Pvt. Ltd, and their respective officers, employees or agents, individually and collectively, referred to in this clause as 'PPSES'. PPS Energy assumes no responsibility and shall not be liable to any person for any loss, damage or expense caused by reliance on the information or advice in this document or howsoever provided, unless that person has signed a contract with the relevant PPSES entity for the provision of this information or advice and in that case any responsibility or liability is exclusively on the terms and conditions set out in that contract.

About PPSES

M/s. PPS Energy Solutions Pvt. Ltd (PPSES) is an ambitious company, established by enterprising engineering professionals in the year 2009. The company offers services pertaining to Energy and Engineering to clients across the globe. Our team is based in Pune, a city known for its Software and Engineering talent in India. We are a rapidly growing company with a team of about 100 people which includes highly trained and experienced Techno-Managers, Analysts, and Engineers & Detailers.

We are presently working in India (Maharashtra, Assam, Madhya Pradesh, Gujarat, Andhra Pradesh, Delhi, Orissa, Chhattisgarh, Bihar, Andhra Pradesh, Telangana and Jharkhand) and Abroad (Bahrain, Stanford)

- We serve in majorly four areas,
 - Energy Audit, Management and System Evaluations
 - Power Distribution System Design, Evaluations and Monitoring
 - MEP Design and Project management
 - · Research and Training

PPSES Team Members

Name	Role .	Academics and Expertise				
Dr. Ravi Deshmukh	ECM verification, Report verification and presentation	Accredited Energy Auditor, PhD, M tech, MBA (Power), Graduate E&TC Engineer with over 18 years of experience in Energy Management, Management of Power System, street light projects, Power Exchange Operations, Power Trading and Analysis, Electrical Automation. Has worked as Expert in Iron & Steel sector and Energy				
Mr .Nilesh Saraf	Co-ordination with officers, project status review.	Expert in Energy sector with 16 years of experience in Energy efficiency assessment, Industrial engineering sector & Renewable Energy.				
Mr. Vinayak Apte	Energy Audit Expert	Graduate Electrical Engineer with more than 10 years of experience in various sectors. He handled Energy Audits, Energy Conservation and Energy Efficiency projects in Industries, Commercial and Residential Buildings, Pump House				
Mr. Vedmurthy Swamy	Field study, data tabulation and analysis, report preparation	Graduate Mechanical Engineer with 5 years of experience in project management, energy efficiency assessment				

1. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Detailed Energy Audit was undertaken in order to evaluate energy performance and identify potential energy conservation measures. Detailed Energy Audit was undertaken in three steps, i.e. document review of data and information initially provided by facility, site visit and preparation of this report.

Energy Audit team conducted the site visit. The site visit includes interaction with staff, electricians of facility, the collection/review of further data and a field inspection of the facility and equipment.

The salient observations and recommendations are given below.

- 1. The Total Cost of Energy is around Rs. 4,83,691/- per Annum
- 2. Average monthly units consumed are 1558 kWh equivalent to Rs 40308/--
- 3. Average electricity charges works out to be Rs 26.53/-

This brief report has therefore sought to provide a high-level overview of the status of energy efficiency at facility, combined with an illustration of areas where further, previously unidentified savings opportunities may exist.

Our survey has identified further potential opportunities, ranging from "no & low cost" measures, through to those that will require significant capital expenditure.

Note: Investment figures mentioned in are only indicative, further detailed study is recommended.

Summary of Recommended Energy Conservation Measures:

Sr.No.	Equipment Name	ECM Details	Investment (Rs. In Lacs)	Savings (kWh/ year)	Carbon credit (Tons of Co2)	Saving (Rs.In Lacs /Year)	Payback (Years)
1	Tube Lights	Replacement of conventional lights with suitable LEDs	0.88	1577.40	1.34	0.42	2.11
2	Fans	Replacement of existing fans with energy efficient Super fans	3.62	2512.72	2.14	0.67	5.43
3	AC	Replacement of No star ACs with 5 star Acs.	7.37	1352.12	1.21	0.36	20.54

PPS Energy Solutions

Sr.No.	Equipment Name	ECM Details	Investment (Rs. In Lacs)	Savings (kWh/ year)	Carbon credit (Tons of Co2)	Saving (Rs.in Lacs /Year)	Payback (Years)	
4	AC	Optimize the temperature setting to 23-25 degree Celsius	0.00	679.14	0.61	0.18		
5	APFC	Optimize the power factor	0.32	0.17	0.15	0.00	0.00	
	To	otal	12.19	6121.55	5.45	1.62	7.51	

Note: Estimated savings may base on operating conditions

During the energy audit, total estimated investment of Rs 12,18,893/- yields total estimated savings of Rs. 1,62,400/- which 33.5 % of the total energy cost of Rs. 4,83,691/- with an overall payback period of 7.51 years.

Other Recommendations:

- A. Regular cleaning and maintenance of equipment's is important to reduce energy losses.
- B. Use of star rated equipment's is also strongly recommended specially in case of fans and air conditioning.
- C. Cleaning of ceiling fan and exhaust fan blades will reduce the drag on the fan and intern will reduce energy loss.
- D. Awareness amongst energy users is very essential step to reduce wastage of electricity
- E. Energy conservation awareness programs can be conducted once a year. Increasing energy awareness of energy users motivates them to work as a team can lead to reductions in energy consumption and save the money.

Year	(Rs. In Lacs)	Saving (Rs.In Lacs /Year)	Cum Savings(Rs Lakh)	Net saving (Rs Lakh)	
0	-12	0	0	-12	
1	0	2	2	-11	
2	0	2	3	-9	
3	0	2	5	-7	
4	0	2	6	-6	
5	0	2	8	-4	
6	0	2	10	-2	
7	0	2	11	-1	
8	0	2	13	1	
9	0	2	15	2	

Year	Investment (Rs. In Lacs)	Saving (Rs.In Lacs /Year)	Cum Savings(Rs Lakh)	Net savings (Rs Lakh)
10	0	2	16	4
10	0	2	18	6
11	0	2	19	7
12	0	2	21	9
13	0	2	23	11
14	0	2		12
15	0	2	24	12



Net Savings (Rs. Lakh Vs Year)



Dr. Ravi G. Deshmukh Energy Auditor Class - A MEDA/ECNCR-05/2018-19/EA-05

2. GENERAL AUDIT REVIEW

Facility can implement faster payback energy conservation measures (ECMs) which have already been considered and for which the ECMs are fully developed.

Other General Points:

- Energy conservation awareness programs can be conducted once a year. Increasing
 energy awareness among staff, students and motivating them to work as a team can lead
 reduce energy consumption and save the money. Savings estimated range in the order
 of 5 to 10%.
- 2. Most of the fans are of older design and not energy efficient.
- 3. Most of the places the tube light installed are not energy efficient.
- 4. Natural day light is efficiently used in corridor and few classrooms and labs areas.

It is believed that with the current approach and organization of energy management, energy can be reduced in a systematic, cost-effective manner. We hope that this report will help facility to implement these changes and provide direction to the Energy Management Team.

3. ABOUT ENERGY AUDIT

Objective

The overall objective of the assignment is to quantify energy saving in existing system and achieve reduction in energy consumption pattern.

Hence the detail objectives are as under,

- 1. To calculate the energy consumption
- To evaluate the performance of the equipment
- 3. To find out the energy saving opportunities
- 4. To quantify the total energy savings
- 5. To find out the ways to achieve energy efficiency

3.1. Scope of Work

Following is the scope of work envisaged for this assignment,

Data Collection

To collect the details of various electrical and mechanical system and their ratings, the available drawings and details shall be studied. Detail load list shall be prepared and checked.

A, B, C Analysis

With the details available from load list, analysis shall be carried out depending on the present usage trends. All the power consuming equipment's shall be classified in three categories depending on their ratings, condition and operating time. The area for larger potentials for savings shall be identified.

Field Study

The detail field study on site shall include the following as well as all other measures required for energy audit study,

- a. Lay out the system and study of Electrical distribution
- b. Study of area wise power distribution and Measurement of power consumption
- c. Study of instrumentation provided
- d. Measurement of motor currents, voltages, power etc. parameters by energy analyzer and measurement of water flow, pressures etc. parameters of pumps simultaneously and other measurements as needed to characterize the system and required for calculating efficiency at various combinations

- e. Study of air conditioner operations and system requirements
- f. Analysis of readings obtained from field with the standard consumption.
- 3.2. Approach and Methodology
 - 1. Understanding the Scope of Work and Resource Planning
 - 2. Identification of Key Personnel for the assignment/ project
 - 3. Structured Organization Matrix
 - 4. Steps in preparing and implementing energy audit assignment
 - a) Discussions with key facility personnel
 - b) Site visits and conducting "walk-through audit".
 - c) Preliminary Data Collection through questionnaire before audit team's site visit
 - d) Steps for conducting the detailed audit
 - Plan the activities of site data collection in coordination with the facility incharge.
 - Study the existing operations involving energy consumption
 - Collect and collate the energy consumption data with respect to electricity consumption
 - Conduct performance tests to assess the efficiency of the system equipment/ electricity distribution, lighting, and identify energy losses.
 - Discuss with facility personnel about identified energy losses.
 - 5. List proposed efficiency measures
 - Develop a set of potential efficiency improvement proposals
 - Baseline parameters
 - Data presentation
 - System mapping
 - List of potential Energy Savings proposals with cost benefit analysis.
 - Review of current operation & maintenance practices
- 6. Preparation of the Draft Energy Audit Report
- 7. Preparation and submission of final Energy Audit Report after discussion with concerned persons

4. ENERGY DETAILS

Maharashtra State Electricity Distribution Company Limited (MSEDCL) provides the electricity supply for facility. Billing is carried out with the help of one meter according to 71 LT- II C Tariff.

Detailed energy audit was conducted for the load connected to the mains supply used.

Mainly energy is used on this facility for the following purposes:

- 1) Lighting Load
- 2) Ceiling Fans
- 3) Air Conditioning

Based on above it is clear that followings areas have highest potential for energy savings

T		
I able I	Name of	Area

Sr. No.	Name of the Area					
1	Lights and fans from different classrooms					
2	AC from different rooms					

4.1. Electricity Bill Analysis

1. Consumer Details of Meter No. 049013610648 Consumer Details

Table 2 Consumer details

Parameter	Details					
Consumer No.	049013610648					
Consumer Name	THE PRINCIPAL ARTS AND SCIENCE COLLEGE					
Address	Agra road PVT, Nashik					
Pin Code	422003					
Connected load (KW)	125					
50% of con. Demand (KVA)	20.0					
Sanctioned Load (KW)	125					
Sanct. Demand (KVA)	40					
Tariff	71 LT-II C					
Bu/ Circle No	4252					

Consumption Details

Table 3 Billing Data

	MAN TO A STATE OF THE PARTY OF				Table 5 Billing Data											
Month	kWH	KVAH	RKVAH (Lag)	RKVAH (Lead)	Recorded MD	Billed MD	Demand Rate (Rs/KVA)	Billed PF	Commercial Units	Commercial Unit rate (Rs/kWh)	Total Unit rate (Rs/kWh)					
Jul-21	1812	2432	87	1297	14	14	415	0.80	1812	12.95	22.77					
Jun-21	1344	2150	212	1279	8	9	415	0.67	1344	12.95	25.58					
May-21	1541	2131	342	943	6	6	415	0.77	1541	12.95	23.88					
Apr-21	1576	2090	270	911	12	12	415	0.80	1576	12.95	23.46					
Mar-21	1593	2283	163	1313	10	10	403	0.73	1593	12.83	23.79					
Feb-21	1915	2389	48	1246	11	11	403	0.83	1915	12.83	22.15					
Jan-21	1888	2429	28	1383	10	10	403	0.80	1888	12.83	22.43					
·Dec-20	1687	2286	18	1415	13	13	403	0.76	1687	12.83	23.29					
Nov-20	1413	2080	193	1167	6	6	403	0.72	1413	12.83	24.62					
Oct-20	1380	2206	214	1314	8	9	403	0.67	1380	12.83	25.22					
Sep-20	1411	2203	234	1262	7	7	403	0.69	14111	12.83	37.72					
Aug-20	1138	2164	232	1464	7	7	403	0.56	1138	12.83	43.48					
Avg	1558	2237	170	1250	9	1.0	407	0.733	2617	12.87	26.53					
Max	1915	2432	342	1464	14	14	415	0.830	14111	12.95	43.48					
Min	1138	2080	18	911	6	6	403	0.560	1138	12.83	22.15					
Sum	18698	26843	2041	14994					31398							

Detailed Energy Audit Report - M.G.V. Loknete Vyankatrao Hiray Art, Sci, Com college, Panchvati

Month	Demand Charges	Demand Charges	Wheeling Charges	Energy Charges (Rs)	TOD (Rs)	FAC (Rs)	Electricity Duty (Rs)	Other Charges (Rs)	Tax (Rs)	P.F penalty/incentive	Excess MD Charges	Total Current Bill (Rs)
	(Rs)	(Rs)	(Rs)	23465.40	-260.80	0.00	6792.48	0.00	345.00	1778.98	0.00	41261.62
Jul-21	6640	6640	2500.56		10-20-0	0.00	5388.50	0.00	255.90	3079.14	0.00	34383.06
Jun-21	6640	6640	1854.72	17404.80	-240.00	The Case		0.00	293.41	1996.23	0.00	36795.97
May-21	6640	6640	2126.58	19955.95	-204.90	0.00	5988.70		300.07	1594.76	0.00	36979.48
Apr-21	6640	6640	2174.88	20409.20	-228.50	0.00	6089.07	0.00		2602.67	0.00	37897.41
Mar-21	6448	6448	2309.85	20438.19	-277.50	0.00	6072.89	0.00	303.31		0.00	42424.37
Feb-21	6448	6448	2776.75	24569.45	-146.40	0.00	7066.04	0.00	364.62	1345.91		
Jan-21	6448	6448	2737.60	24223.04	-208.90	0.00	6971.95	0.00	359.48	1825.99	0.00	42357.16
Dec-20	6448	6448	2446.15	21644.21	-207.00	0.00	6369.56	0.00	321.20	2274.84	0.00	39296.86
Nov-20	6448	6448	2048.85	18128.79	-172.60	0.00	5555.14	0.00	269.04	2513.04	0.00	34790.26
Oct-20	6448	6448	2001.00	17705.40	-178.70	0.00	5454.90	0.00	262.75	3117.08	0.00	34810.43
	6448	6448	2045.95	18103.13	-237.00	0.00	5535.62	0.00	268.65	2899.61	0.00	53219.44
Sep-20	797-910-707-9			14600.54	-241.50	0.00	4716.00	0.00	216.68	3930.00	0.00	49475.30
Aug-20	6448.0	6448.0	1650.10			0.00	6000	0	297	2413	0	40308
Avg	6512	6512	2223	20054	-217	- 70				3930	0	53219
Max	6640	6640	2777	24569	-146	0	7066	0	365			
Min	6448	6448	1650	14601	-278	0	4716	0	217	1346	0	34383
Sum	78144	78144	26673	240648	-2604	0	72001	0	3560	28958		483691

Month	"A" Zone Units	"A" Zone Demand	"B" Zone Units	"B" Zone Demand	"C" Zone Units	"C" Zone Demand	"D" Zone Units	"D" Zone Demand
Jul-21	499	. 3	793	13	281	15	239	5
Jun-21	426	3	495	8	221	9	202	4
May-21	450	3	583	6	292	6	215	3
Apr-21	464	3	612	12	275	6	225	3
Mar-21	478	3	656	11	218	9	241	3
Feb-21	438	4	922	11	333	9	222	5
Jan-21	467	3	899	10	279	7	244	4
Dec-20	431	3	790	13	244	8	222	4
Nov-20	401	3	552	6	257	6	203	3
Oct-20	390	3	559	9	226	6	205	3
Sep-20	427	4	558	7	217	7	209	4
Aug-20	388	3	396	7	163	6	191	4
Avg	438	3	651	9	251	8	218	4
Max	499	4	922	13	333	15	244	5
Min	388	3	396	6	163	6	191	3
Sum	5259		7815		3006		2618	

Zone wise kWH consumption %

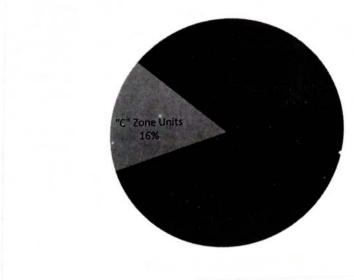


Figure 1 Zone-wise kWh Consumption

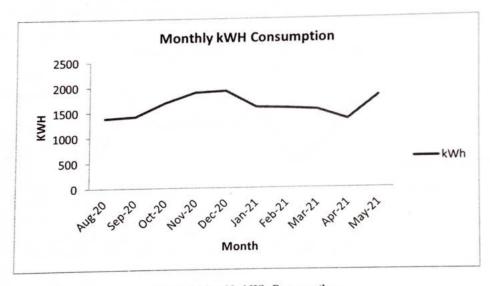


Figure 2 Monthly kWh Consumption

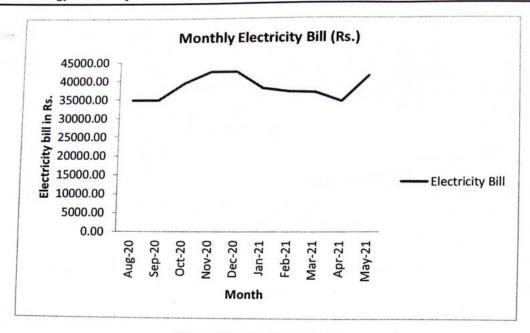


Figure 3 Monthly Electricity Bill

Comments:

- 1. Average monthly units consumed is 1558 kWh equivalent to Rs 40,308 /-
- 2. Average electricity charges works out to be Rs. 26.53 /-

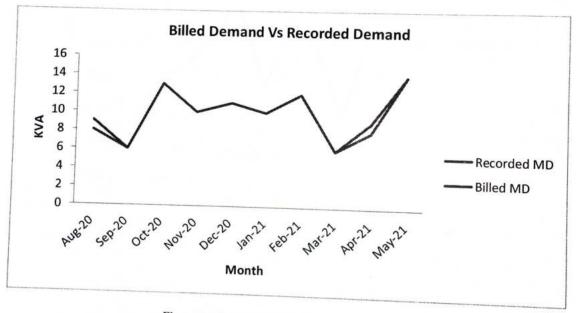


Figure 4 Billed Demand vs Recorded Demand

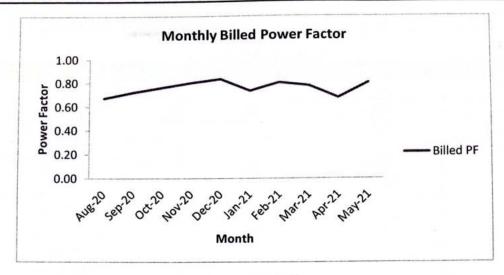


Figure 5 Billed PF

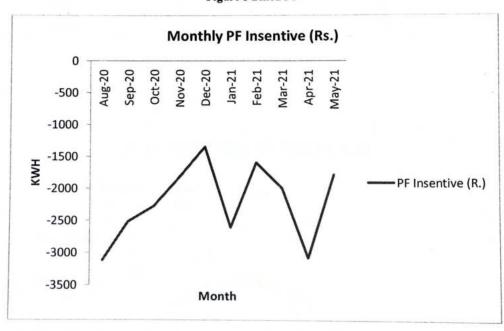


Figure 6 PF Incentive

4.2. Connected Load Quantity of Buildings

Table 4 Connected Load of Facility

Fixtures	Wattage	Total fixture	Total kW
AC	3500	11	38.50
Tube-light	40	239	9.56
Fan	75	174	13.05
Table fan	45	1	0.05
Wall fan	45	2	0.09
Exhaust fan	45	10	0.45
Sealing LED	36	260	9.36
Deep freezer	700	1	0.70
Cooler	500	2	1.00
Water filter		1	0.00
Oven	2000	1	2.00
Total		702	61.16

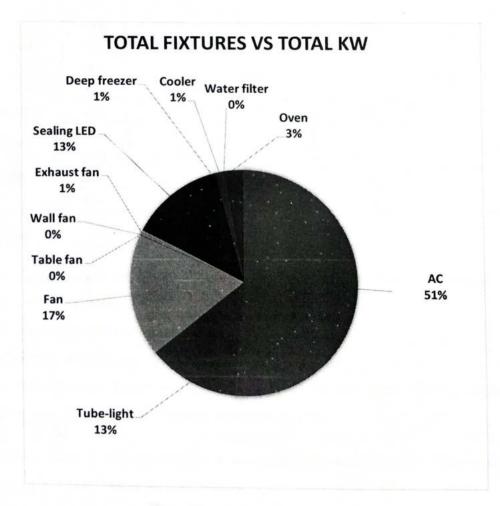


Figure 7 Distribution of Connected Load

5. ACTUAL MEASUREMENTS

5.1. Study of Loading Pattern for Facility:

The Three-phase portable power analyzer was installed at incoming panel and data is recorded. Following graphs shows the loading pattern, Voltage, Current PF variation.

Parameter		R-Phase	Y-Phase	B-Phase	Total
	Avg	428.24	431.65	422.51	
Voltage (V)	Max	433	435.2	426.3	
	Min	418	425.8	414.7	
	Avg	12.86	4.82	27.90	
Current (A)	Max	30.80	14.81	40.84	
	Min	4.16	1.18	21.37	
	Avg	2794.56	940.88	6244.15	9979.53
Active Power (W)	Max	6466.00	3293.00	9463.00	18103
(00)	Min	903.00	-16.00	4633.00	5593
	Avg	0.92	0.64	0.93	
Power Factor	Max	0.95	0.88	0.99	
	Min	0.88	0.03	0.87	
	Avg	1.63	1.37	1.51	
V % THD	Max	1.76	1.59	1.68	
	Min	1.44	1.26	1.11	
	Avg	24.68	57.92	33.60	
I % THD	Max	42.00	118.21	43.12	
	Min	13.33	25.10	21.29	

Comments:

- 1) Average, Maximum and Minimum variations for all the Phases is within the limit of \pm 46% i.e.,413 V to 467 V
- 2) The voltage unbalance between the Phases is Absent.
- 3) The current unbalance between the Phases is present.
- 4) Total Harmonic Distortion for voltage is within the limits of 5% whereas Total Harmonic Distortion for Current is more than 15%.

Recommendation: It is recommended to install suitable size of Active Harmonic Filter to suppress Current Total Harmonic Distortion.

Voltage Variation:

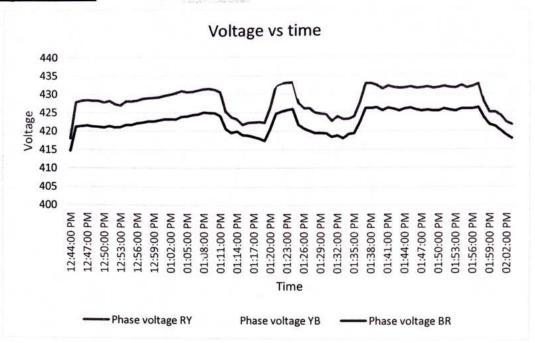


Figure 8 Voltage vs Time Period

Current Variation:

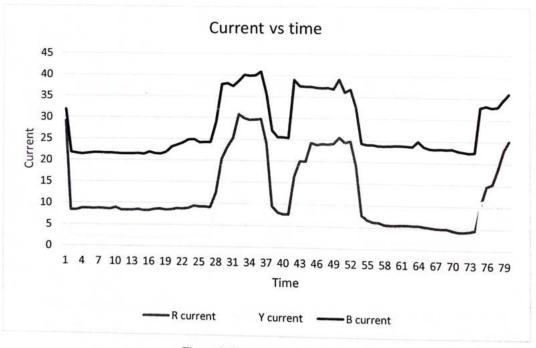


Figure 9 Current vs Time Period

Power Variation:

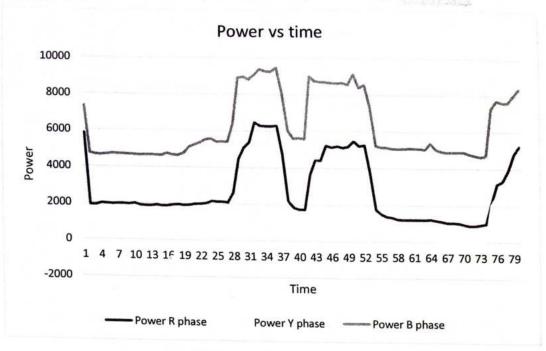


Figure 10 Power vs Time Period

Power Factor Variation:

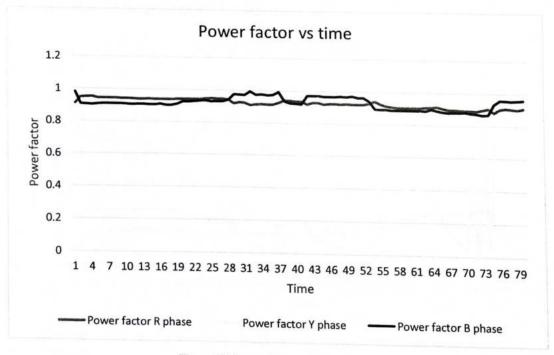


Figure 11 Power factor vs Time Period

Voltage Total Harmonic Distortion Variation:

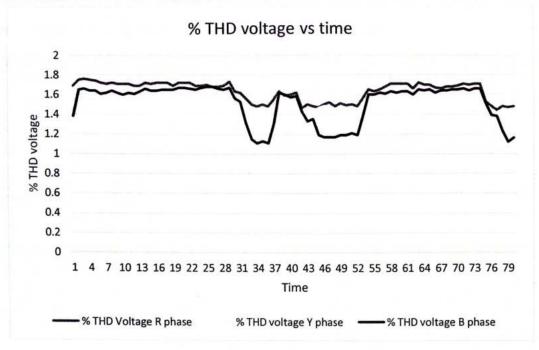


Figure 12 Voltage THD % vs Time Period

CurrentTotal Harmonic Distortion Variation:

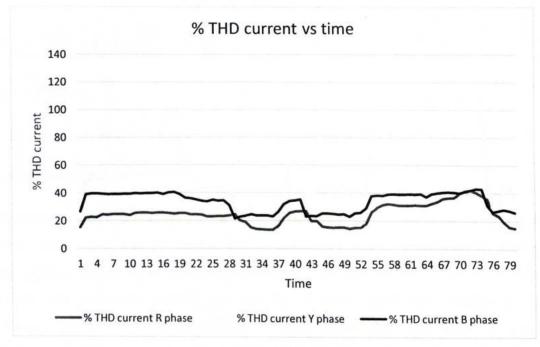


Figure 13 Current THD % vs Time Period

6. ENERGY CONSERVATION MEASURES

ECM 1: Replacement of Tube Lights with More Efficient Lights

	OR ALLENS AND A SECTION		Estimated:			
ECM No.	Energy Efficiency Improvement Measures	Investment Rs. In Lakh	Electricity kWh	Carbon credit (Tons of CO ₂)	Estimated Savings Rs. In Lakh	Estimated Payback Years
1	Replacement of Conventional Lights with More Efficient Lights	0.88	1577.40	1.34	0.42	2.11



Observations:

The facility has installed 239 number of 40 W tube lights in their premises.

Recommendations:

During energy audit, it is observed that facility has installed 239 no. of 40 W tube lights in their premises. Also, energy team at facility has already replaced some of the CFLs with LEDs. The operating hours for these lightings are around 3 hours. Type of Fixture and Wattage with equivalent LED fixture thereby achieving significant reduction in energy consumption. The LEDs could be replaced in such a manner that it has same fixture so there will not be retrofitting cost attached to the replacement. The replacement could be done in a phased manner. LED lights have better efficacy as well as better lifetime than conventional lights.

Energy Saving Calculations:

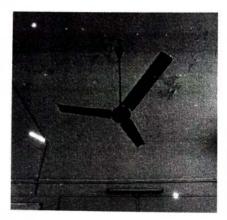
Particular	Unit	Value
Energy Saving Calculation		
Power consumption of TL	KW	9.56
Power consumption of suitable LED light	KW	4.30
Average power saving after replacement with LED light	KW	5.26
Replacement of conventional lights (TL) of 40 W with suitable LEDs	Nos	239
Average working hour per day	Hrs	3
No. of working days in a year	Days	100
Cost Benefit Calculation		,
Annual Energy Saving potential	kWh	1577
Average Electricity Unit Cost	Rs/unit	26.53
Annual Cost Saving	Rs. Lakh	0.42
Total investment cost	Rs. Lakh	0.88
Simple Payback Period	Years	2.11

Type of Existing Fitting	Wattage	Qty	Proposed LED W	Price - Rs/Unit		Proposed KW	Saved kW	Investment Rs Lakh
Tube light	40	239	18	369	9.56	4.30	5.26	0.88
TOTAL	40.00	239.00	18.00	369.00	9.56	4.30	5.26	0.88

Sr. No	ltem	C.S.R No.	Rate	Unit	
1	18W LED LIGHT	2-10-13.	369	Each	

ECM 2: Replacement of Old Fan with Energy Efficient Super Fan

	Energy Efficiency	N Shirt	Estima	ted saving	Estimated	Estimated	
ECM No.	Improvement Measures	Rs. in Lakh	Electricity kWh	Carbon credit (Tons of CO ₂)	Savings Rs. in Lakh		
2	Replacement of existing fans with energy efficient Super fans	3.62	2512.72	2.14	0.67	5.43	





During energy audit, it is observed that facility has old type of ceiling fans of 75 W (174 number) capacity, table fans (1 number), wall fans (2 number) and exhaust fans (10 number) of 45 W capacity each and its energy consumption is on higher side.

Recommendations:

During energy audit it is observed that facility has installed non star rated fan of 75 watt and table fans, wall fans and exhaust fans of 45 W capacity to replace energy consuming fan with energy efficient super fan.

Energy Saving Calculations:

Particular	Unit	a value
Existing energy consumption of Fan	The state of the s	value
Wattage of Energy Efficient Super Fan	kWh/year	4208
Energy consumption after replacing with Energy Efficient Super	Watt	35
Fan	kWh/year	20
Operating hrs/day	- · · · ·	A4575
No. of working days in a year	Hrs/day	3
Diversity factor	Days	100
Annual Saving	%	60%
Average Electricity Unit Cost	kWh/year	2513
Annual Saving	Rs/kWh	26.53
	Rs. In Lacs	0.67

Category	Nos	Estimated Running kW	
Ceiling Fan 75 W	174	13.05	
Table Fan 45 W	1	0.08	
Wall Fan 55 W	2	0.15	
Exhaust Fan 55 W	10	0.75	
Total	187	14.025	

Power Consumption in Watts						
Speed	Ordinary Ceiling Fan	Super Fan*				
Low	12	4				
Medium	39	14				
High	75	35				

ECM 3: Replacement of No star AC with 5 star AC.

ECM No.	Estimated Saving								
	Energy Efficiency Improvement Measures	Investment Rs. In Lakh	Electricity kWh	Carbon Credit (Tons of CO ₂)	Estimated Savings Rs. In Lakh	Estimated Payback Years			
3	Replacement of No star ACs with 5 star Acs.	7.37	1352.12	1.21	0.36	20.54			

The facility has installed 11 split ACs of 3 T capacity in their premises.

Recommendations:

It is recommended to install 5-star ACs for energy saving point of view.

Energy Saving Calculations:

Particular	Unit	Value
Quantity of 3 Ton AC with no star	Nos	11
Wattage of 3 Ton AC with no star	Watt	3500
Total load of 3 Ton AC with no star	kW	38.5
Wattage of 3 Ton 5 star AC	Watt	2622
Total load of 3 Ton 5 Star AC	kW	28.84
Load reduction after replacement	kW	9.658
Diversity Factor	%	40%
Operating Hrs per day	hrs./day	3.5
Operating days per year	Days/year	100
Estimated energy Saving	kWh/year	1352
Average Electricity Unit Cost	Rs/kWh	26.53
Annual Saving	Rs Lakh/year	0.36

Investment Details

Particular	Value	Unit	CSR No
Quantity of 3 Ton Split AC	11	Nos.	
Rate of 3 Ton 5 star Split AC	66969	Rs.	3-2-14
Total Investment for All AC	736659	Rs.	

	Model	Star Rating	w ·
Split AC	1.0 Ton	5 Star	984
	1.5 Ton		1490
· ·	2 Ton		1732
	0.8 Ton	3 Star	812
	1.0 Ton		1092
	1.5 Ton		1566
	2.0 Ton		1938
	1.0 Ton	2 Star	1154
	1.5 Ton		1709
	2.0 Ton		2210
	1.0 Ton	No star	1600
	1.5 Ton		2500
	2.0 Ton		3000
Window AC	1.0 Ton	3 Star	1157
	1.5 Ton		1676
	2.0 Ton		2266
	1.0 Ton	2 Star	1250
	1.5 Ton		1745
	2.0 Ton		2396
	1.0 Ton	No star	1600
	1.5 Ton		2500
	2.0 Ton		3280

ECM 4: Optimization of Set Temperature of ACs

			Estimated :	saving		
ECM No.	Energy efficiency improvement measures	Investment Rs. In Lakh	Electricity	Carbon credit (Tons of CO ₂)	Estimated Savings Rs. In Lacs	Estimated Payback Years
4	Optimize the temperature setting to 23-25 degree Celsius	0.00	679.14	0.61	0.18	0.00

Facility has installed 11 split ACs of 3 ton non star capacity in their premises.

Recommendations:

During assessment, it is observed that all ACs, temperature set point was 20-22° C. Hence, it is recommended to increase set temperature setting to 24°C as well as improve maintenance of AC frequency. In this ECM 6% reduction of energy is considered due to change in only 2°C temperature.

It is known that, a 1°C raise in evaporator temperature can help to save almost 3% on power consumption (this also can be verified from BEE guideline: Chapter 4. HVAC and Refrigeration System).

The TR capacity of the same refrigeration will also increase with increase in the evaporator temperature, as given in table below:

Effect of variation in	Evaporator Temperature	on Compressor Power	Consumption
Evaporator Temperature (°C)	Refrigeration Capacity* (tons)	Specific Power Consumption	Increase in kW/ton (%)
5	67.58	0.81	
0	56.07	0.94	16
-5	45.98	1.08	33
-10	37.2	1.25	54
-20	23.12	1.67	106

* Condenser temperature 40°C

Energy Saving Calculations:

Particular	Unit	Value
Estimated Annual Consumption of ACs	kWh/hr	11319
Estimated Saving	%	6%
Operating Hrs per day	hrs/day	3.5
Operating days per year	Days/year	100
Estimated Saving	kWh/year	679
Average Electricity Unit Cost	Rs/kWh	26.53
Annual Saving	Rs Lakh/year	0.18

Sr No	Туре	Ton	Qty	Annual Consumption
_1	Air Conditioner (3 Ton) (0*)	3	11	11319
	Total			11319

ECM 5: Optimize the power factor

ECM No.	Energy efficiency improvement measures	Investment Rs. In Lacs	Savings Rs. In Lacs	Payback Year
5	Optimize the power factor	0.32	0.17	0.15

Facility is Maining PF around = 0.733

Recommendations:

To get the PF incentive, it is recommended to check the operation of each capacitor bamk installed once in a month and maintain the PF to unity.

Calculation for KVAR Required based on Desired Unity PF:

Particular	Value	Unit
Total Annual Consumption	18698	kWh/Year
Unit Rate	26.53	Rs./kWh
Total Annual Energy component	496058	Rs./year
With Operation of all Capacitor banks, Annual Energy Saving	17362	Rs./year
Annual Energy Saving	0.174	Rs (Lakhs)/year
Present Billed Power Factor	0.733	
Desired Billed Power Factor	1	
Multiplying Factor	0.936	
Total Connected Load	85	kW
Size of required Capacitor Bank	79.56	kVAR
Rate of Capacitor Bank	400	Rs./KVAR
Total Investment	31824	Rs.
Payback	0.15	Years

7. List of Instruments

POWER ANALYSER



Picture 1 ALM 20 Power Analyzer
ALM 20 Power Analyzer is designed for Measuring power network parameters

Number of channels	3U/3I
Voltage (TRMS AC + DC)	100V to 2000V ph-ph /50V to 1000V ph-N
Voltage ratio	Up to 650 kV
Current (TRMS AC + DC)	5mA to 10,000 Aac / 50 mA to 5,000 Adc (depending on Clamp)
Current ratio	Up to 25 kA
Frequency	42.5 - 69 Hz, 340 - 460Hz
Power values	W, VA, VAr, VAD, PF, DPF, cos ø, tanø
Energy values	Wh, VAh, VArh
Harmonics, THD	on V, U, I & In up to 50th order
Electrical safety	IEC 61010, 1000V CAT III / 600V CAT IV
Protection	IP54

DIGITAL CLAMP METER



Picture 2 MECO 3150 DIGITAL CLAMP METER

Power Clamp meter is a Portable Digital multi-functional measuring instrument. Designed for Measuring selected power network parameters, AC/DC Voltage, AC/DC current, Resistance, Continuity, Diode and Frequency.

Ranges	4V, 40V, 400V, 1000V	
Overload Protection	1200V DC/800V AC	
AC VOLTAGE (Auto Ranging)		
Range	4V, 40V, 400V, 750V	
Overload Protection	1200V DC/800V AC	
RESISTANCE (Auto Ranging)		
Range	400Ω, 4ΚΩ, 40ΚΩ, 400ΚΩ, 4ΜΩ, 40ΜΩ	
Test Current	0.7mA on 400Ω, 0.1mA on 4KΩ	
Diode Test		
Measurement Current	1.0 ± 0.6 mA Approx	
Open Circuit Voltage	0.4V Approx	
Overload Protection	500V DC / AC	
Frequency (Auto Ranging)		
Range	10.00Hz, 50.00Hz, 500.0Hz, 5.000kHz,	
	50.00kHz, 500.0kHz	
Sensitivity	3V	
Overvoltage Protection	200V DC or AC peak	

DIGITAL CLAMP METER



Picture 3 RISH POWER CLAMP 1000 A/400 A AC-DC

Power Clamp meter is a Portable Digital multi-functional measuring instrument. Designed for Measuring selected power network parameters, AC/DC Voltage, AC/DC current, Resistance, Continuity, Diode and Frequency.

Measuring function	Measuring range
	9.999 kWh
LANG	99.99 kWh
kWh	999.9 kWh
	9999 kWh
Ahr	999.9 Ahr
Phase angle	0.0°360.0°
Power Factor	-101
Harmonics (RMS & %)	113
	1449
THD	099.9%
Court Footon	1.02.9
Crest Factor	3.05.0
Power Clamp 1000A peak	1400 A/ 1400 V
Dower Clama 400A nook	100 A
Power Clamp 400A peak	560 A/ 1000 V
Power Clamp 1000A INRUSH	999.9 A
Power Clamp 4004 INDUSU	99.99 A
Power Clamp 400A INRUSH	400 A
Resistance	9999 Ohm
Continuity	Below 40 Ohm

THERMAL IMAGER



Picture 4 FLIR TG 167 Thermal imager

FLIR TG 167Thermal imager is designed to easily find unseen hot and cold spots in electrical cabinets or switch boxes, giving you quality image detail on even small connectors and wires.

Accuracy	±1.5% or 1.5°C (2.7°F)	
Detector Type	Focal plane array (FPA), uncooled micro bolometer	
IR Resolution	80 × 60 pixels	
Laser	Dual diverging lasers indicate the temperature measurement area, activated by pulling the trigger	
Memory Type	Micro SD card	
Object Temperature Range	-25°C to 380°C (-13°F to 716°F)	
Thermal Sensitivity/NETD	<150 mK	
Display	2.0 in TFT LCD	

INFRARED THERMOMETER



Picture 5 HTC IRX 64 Infrared thermometer

HTC IRX 64 infrared thermometer is useful instrument to measure the surface temperature. Infrared thermometers are ideal for taking temperatures need to be tested from a distance. They provide accurate temperatures without ever having to touch the object you're measuring (and even if your subject is in motion).

Specification	Range
IR	-50°C~1050 °C
Contact	-50°C~1370 °C
IR Temp. Resolution	0.1°C
Basic Accuracy	+/- 1.5% of reading
Emissivity	Adjustable 0.10 ~ 1.0
Optical resolution	30:1

LUX METER



Picture 6 Nishant NE 1010 Lux meter Nishant NE 1010 Lux meter is used to measure the lux levels.

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Measuring range	0 Lux ~200, 000 Lux/0 Fc~185, 806 Fc
Accuracy	± 3% rdg ± 0.5% f.s.(<10,000 Lux)
Accuracy	± 4% rdg ± 10% f.s.(>10,000 Lux)
Digital Updates	2 times/s
Photometric sensor	Silicon diode
Battery life	18 hours (continuous operation)
Operating temperature and humidity	0°C ~ 40°C, 10% RH ~ 90% RH
Storage temperature and humidity	-20°C ~ 50°C, 10% RH ~ 90% RH
Power	9V battery
Unit Size	52.5 x 52.5 x 166 mm
Auto power off	After 5 minutes



Dr. Ravi G. Deshmukh Energy Auditor Class - A MEDA/ECNCR-05/2018-19/EA-05